**专题14 完形填空记叙文（20空）**

**2022年高考真题**

**1.【2022年全国甲卷】**

You can tell a lot about a man by how he treats his dogs.

For many years, I enjoyed living with my dogs, Tilly and Chance. Their \_\_\_41\_\_\_ was nearly enough to keep my loneliness at bay. Nearly. Last year, I started dating, but with \_\_\_42\_\_\_. When I first dated Steve, I \_\_\_43\_\_\_ he had a dog, Molly, and a cat, Flora. While I was \_\_\_44\_\_\_ that he was an animal lover, I \_\_\_45\_\_\_ that three dogs were perhaps too many, and my dogs might attack \_\_\_46\_\_\_, the cat.

The next week we \_\_\_47\_\_\_ our dogs together. It was a hot day. When we paused to catch our \_\_\_48\_\_\_, Steve got down on one knee. Was he proposing (求婚)? I liked him too, but so \_\_\_49\_\_\_? He poured water from a bottle into his hand and offered it to my dogs. \_\_\_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_\_\_, I began to fall for him.

We \_\_\_\_\_\_51\_\_\_\_\_\_ to date, though neither of us brought up the future. And then in late November, Tilly had an operation on her \_\_\_\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_\_\_. I took the dogs out four times a day, and I worried that Tilly \_\_\_\_\_\_53\_\_\_\_\_\_ climbing the stairs could reopen the wound. Then Steve \_\_\_\_\_\_54\_\_\_\_\_\_ his house. All worked \_\_\_\_\_\_55\_\_\_\_\_\_. The three dogs formed a pack that, with coaching, \_\_\_\_\_\_56\_\_\_\_\_\_ Flora’s space; Steve and I formed a good team \_\_\_\_\_\_57\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Tilly. We made good housemates.

A year later, much to my \_\_\_\_\_\_58\_\_\_\_\_\_, this man produced a little box with a ring and proposed to me. He did not kneel (跪) down, nor did I \_\_\_\_\_\_59\_\_\_\_\_\_ him to. That’s only for giving \_\_\_\_\_\_60\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the dogs that brought us together.

41. A. ownership B. membership C. companionship D. leadership

42. A. reservations B. expectations C. confidence D. prejudice

43. A. feared B. doubted C. hoped D. learned

44. A. unsatisfied B. amused C. terrified D. thrilled

45. A. predicted B. worried C. regretted D. insisted

46. A. Flora B. Chance C. Molly D. Tilly

47. A. tied B. walked C. bathed D. fed

48. A. breath B. balance C. attention D. imagination

49. A. calm B. sure C. soon D. real

50. A. By the way B. In that case C. By all means D. In that moment

51. A. continued B. decided C. intended D. pretended

52. A. eye B. tail C. ear D. leg

53. A. secretly B. constantly C. eventually D. unwillingly

54. A. left B. sold C. suggested D. searched

55. A. late B. hard C. fine D. free

56. A. emptied B. respected C. occupied D. discovered

57. A. looking B. caring C. waiting D. calling

58. A. delight B. credit C. interest D. disadvantage

59. A. beg B. trust C. need D. aid

60. A. toys B. awards C. food D. water

【答案】41. C 42. A 43. D 44. D 45. B 46. A 47. B 48. A 49. C 50. D 51. A 52. D 53. B 54. C 55. C 56. B 57. B 58. A 59. C 60. D

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了，作者认为你可以从一个男人对待他的狗的方式来了解他很多，作者多年和两只爱犬生活在一起，去年开始和拥有猫狗的史蒂夫约会，但有所保留，因为一次遛狗时史蒂夫把水给自己的爱犬喝，作者渐渐对史蒂夫产生好感，在之后的接触中，史蒂夫和作者一起照顾作者的爱犬，一年后史蒂夫向作者求婚。

【41题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：它们的陪伴几乎足以让我远离孤独。A. ownership所有权；B. membership会员；C. companionship陪伴；D. leadership领导。由上文的“For many years, I enjoyed living with my dogs, Tilly and Chance. (多年来，我喜欢和我的狗Tilly和Chance生活在一起)”可知，作者多年和狗狗生活在一起，可得出狗狗陪伴着作者，让作者远离孤独。故选C项。

【42题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：去年，我开始约会，但有所保留。A. reservations保留；B. expectations期望；C. confidence信心；D. prejudice偏见。由下文的“He poured water from a bottle into his hand and offered it to my dogs. (他把瓶子里的水倒在手里，递给我的狗)”和“I began to fall for him (我开始爱上他)”可知，作者是在第二周和史蒂夫一起遛狗时，因为史蒂夫把水给自己的爱犬喝，作者才对史蒂夫产生好感，可得出刚开始约会时，因为不熟悉史蒂夫的品行，作者还是有所保留的。故选A项。

【43题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：当我第一次和史蒂夫约会时，我得知他有一条名叫Molly的狗和一只名叫Flora的猫。A. feared恐惧；B. doubted怀疑；C. hoped希望；D. learned得知。由上文的“When I first dated Steve (当我第一次和史蒂夫约会时)”和常识可知，第一次约会会得知对方相关情况，作者从而得知史蒂夫有一只狗和一只猫。故选D项。

【44题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：虽然我很高兴他是一个动物爱好者，但我担心三条狗可能太多了，我狗可能会攻击猫Flora。A. unsatisfied不满意的；B. amused愉快的；C. terrified害怕的；D. thrilled非常开心的。由下文的“he was an animal lover (他是一个动物爱好者)”可知，得知史蒂夫是一个动物爱好者，多年和两只爱犬生活在一起的作者应该是感到愉快高兴。故选D项。



【45题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：虽然我很高兴他是一个动物爱好者，但我担心三条狗可能太多了，我的狗可能会攻击猫Flora。A. predicted预测；B. worried担心；C. regretted后悔；D. insisted坚持。由下文的“three dogs were perhaps too many, and my dogs might attack 6 the cat (三条狗可能太多了，我的狗可能会攻击猫)”可知，作者认为三条狗可能太多了，且自己的狗可能会攻击史蒂夫的猫，针对这种情况，作者是担忧的。故选B项。

【46题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：虽然我很高兴他是一个动物爱好者，但我担心三条狗可能太多了，我的狗可能会攻击猫Flora。A. Flora弗洛拉；B. Chance机会；C. Molly莫莉；D. Tilly蒂莉。选项指的是文中动物名词。由上文的“he had a dog, Molly, and a car, Flora (他有一条名叫Molly的狗和一只名叫Flora的猫)”可知，此处指作者担心自己的狗可能会攻击史蒂夫的猫Flora。故选A项。

【47题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：第二周，我们一起遛狗。A. tied系；B. walked牵着（动物）走；C. bathed沐浴；D. fed喂养。由本处的“ 7 our dogs together (一起……我们的狗)”以及下文“When we paused”可知，作者和史蒂夫在一起遛狗。故选B项。

【48题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：当我们停下来休息时，史蒂夫单膝跪下。A. breath呼吸；B. balance平衡；C. attention注意力；D. imagination想象。由上文的“It was a hot day. When we paused (那是一个炎热的日子。当我们停下)”可知，那天很热，遛狗的二人停下来休息一下，catch one’s breath (休息一下、歇一口气)。 故选A项。

【49题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我也喜欢他，但这么快？A. calm冷静的；B. sure确定的；C. soon很快的；D real真正的。由上文的“The next week (第二周)”和“Was he proposing (求婚)? (他在求婚吗)”可知，二人才认识两周，作者以为史蒂夫要向自己求婚，认为进展太快了。故选C项。

【50题详解】

考查介词短语辨析。句意：就在那一刻，我开始爱上他。A. By the way顺便说一句；B. In that case那样的话；C. By all means务必；D. In that moment那一刻。由上文的“He poured water from a bottle into his hand and offered it to my dogs. (他把瓶子里的水倒在手里，递给我的狗)”和下文的“I began to fall for him (我开始爱上他)”可知，就在史蒂夫把水给作者爱犬喝的那一刻，还有所保留的作者卸下心防，对史蒂夫产生好感。故选D项。

【51题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我们继续约会，虽然我们都没有提到未来。A. continued继续；B. decided决定；C. intended打算；D. pretended假装。由上文的“I began to fall for him (我开始爱上他)”可知，作者对史蒂夫产生好感，可得出二人会继续约会。故选A项。

【52题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：11月下旬，Tilly的腿做了一次手术。A. eye眼睛；B. tail尾巴；C. ear耳朵；D. leg腿。由下文的“I worried that Tilly 13 climbing the stairs could reopen the wound (我担心Tilly爬楼梯会使伤口重新裂开)”可知，作者担心爬楼会影响Tilly的伤口，可得出Tilly的腿做了手术。故选D项。

【53题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：我一天带狗出去四次，我担心Tilly不断地爬楼梯会使伤口重新裂开。A. secretly秘密地；B. constantly不断地；C. eventually最终；D. unwillingly不情愿地。由上文的“I took the dogs out four times a day (我一天带狗出去四次)”可知，作者一天带狗出去四次，可得出狗狗（包括Tilly）要不断地爬楼梯。故选B项。

【54题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：然后史蒂夫离开了他的房子。A. left离开；B. sold卖；C. suggested建议，推荐；D. searched搜寻。由下文的“We made good housemates. (我们是很好的室友)”可知，二人成为室友。可以推断出来，因为害怕作者的狗爬楼梯不方便，所以建议作者搬过去一起住。故选C项。

【55题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：一切都很好。A. late晚的；B. hard困难的；C. fine好的；D. free自由的。由下文的“The three dogs formed a pack (这三条狗组成了一个团队)”和“Steve and I formed a good team (史蒂夫和我组成了一个好团队)”“We made good housemates. (我们是很好的室友)”可知，狗狗相处友好，作者和史蒂夫相处也友好，可得出一切都好。故选C项。

【56题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：这三条狗组成了一个团队，在训练下，尊重Flora的空间；史蒂夫和我组成了一个照顾Tilly的好团队。A. emptied清空；B. respected尊重；C. occupied占据；D. discovered发现。由上文的“my dogs might attack 6 , the cat (我的狗可能会攻击猫)”和“The three dogs formed a pack that, with coaching (这三条狗组成了一个团队，在训练下)”可知，起初作者担心自己的狗会攻击史蒂夫的猫Flora，但作者的狗和史蒂夫的狗相处友好，可得出在训练下，狗不会去攻击猫，结合动物的领地意识可知，此处指狗尊重猫的空间。故选B项。

【57题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：这三条狗组成了一个团队，在训练下，尊重Flora的空间；史蒂夫和我组成了一个照顾Tilly的好团队。A. looking看；B. caring照顾；C. waiting等待；D. calling打电话。由上文的“Tilly had an operation (Tilly做了一次手术)”可知，作者的狗Tilly做过手术，史蒂夫和作者一起居住后，和作者一起照顾术后康复的Tilly。故选B项。

【58题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：一年后，令我非常高兴的是，这个男人拿出一个带戒指的小盒子向我求婚。A. delight高兴；B. credit信用；C. interest兴趣；D. disadvantage缺点。由下文的“this man produced a little box with a ring and proposed to me (这个男人拿出一个带戒指的小盒子向我求婚)”可知，史蒂夫向作者求婚，作者应该是感到高兴。故选A项。

【59题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他没有跪下，我也不需要他跪下。A. beg乞求；B. trust信任；C. need需要；D. aid帮助。由上文的“He did not kneel (跪) down (他没有跪下)”和常识可知，一般求婚是要下跪的，但史蒂夫没有下跪，作者对此并不在意，因为作者不需要他下跪。故选C项。

【60题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：正是给爱犬喝水的举动把我们带到一起。A. toys玩具；B. awards奖励；C. food食物；D. water水。由上文的“He poured water from a bottle into his hand and offered it to my dogs. 10 , I began to fall for him. (他把瓶子里的水倒在手里，递给我的狗。我开始爱上他)”可知，就在史蒂夫把水给作者爱犬喝的那一刻，还有所保留的作者卸下心防，对史蒂夫产生好感，所以是“给爱犬喝水”的举动让二人走到了一起。故选D项。

**2.2022年1月浙江卷**

When Beverley Burdeyney turned seventy-four last year, she started having problems with her 36       , notably dryness and discomfort.

"I was simply 37     a terrible experience," Ms. Burdeyney said at  her home in Toronto. "I felt so helpless and insecure because the quality of my 38       was affected."

Ms. Burdeyney talked to some friends who had 39      problems and  discovered that they were largely suffering in 40     . "Nobody chooses to talk about it because it seems so 41      ," she said. "But more and more are suffering and lives are being 42        ."

Eventually, Ms. Burdeyney learned about plans for an eye research 43       at Tel Aviv University in Israel .The research team 44       Canadian doctor Allan Slomovic, who has done 45    work on eye care using stem cells. Seeing a ray of hope ,Ms.Burdeyney began raising 46     for the project with a friend, Toronto businessman Meyer Zeifman. 47    she has raised $110,000 with another $40,000 48       .

"I'm trying to get more and more people to 49       that there are solutions(解决办法)," said Ms. Burdeyney, a trained nurse who is still working as a personal trainer  after 50      . "I say there is no old 51       , there's only neglect(忽视). Don't stand 52        , do something about it."

Ms. Burdeyney 53      that she was hoping to do more for the research project. "I just want to bring54     into people's eyes and this is just the 55      ."There is still a long way to go.”

36.A. throat      B.skin       C.lungs     D.eyes

37.A.getting over    B.going through   C.holding on   D.passing down

38.A.story       B.treatment    C.life   D.relationship

39.A.similar   B.various C.personal   D.special

40.A.turn   B.peace   C.vain   D.silence

41.A.unbearable B.abnormal C.insignificant D.disturbing

42.A.compromised  B.forgotten   C.substituted   D.separated

43.A.course B.program   C.paper   D.conference

44.A.informed B.doubted   C.included   D.dismissed

45.A.part-time B.controversial   c.voluntary   D.ground-breaking

46.A.money   B.standards   C.awareness D.questions

47.A.As ever B.So far   C.In return   D.Once again

48.A.wasted B.donated   C.expected D.earned

49.A.imagine B.confirm   C.remember   D.understand

50.A.retirement  B.childbirth   C.graduation D.marriage

51.A.time B.rule C.age   D.tale

52.A.straight   B.still    C.firm   D.alone

53.A.commented   B.learned   C.reminded  D.added

54.A.light    B.joy   C.color   D.beauty

55.A.future   B.beginning   C.truth   D.meaning

【答案】36-40:DBCAD 41-45CABCD 46-50ABCDA 51-55CBDAB

解析：本文是一篇记叙文，讲述了一位患有眼疾的老太太在得知自己的朋友也饱受眼疾困扰后，为眼科研究项目募集资金，希望能够给眼疾病人带来光明的故事。

详解：

36．D 根据下文 Ms．Burdeyney learned about plans for an eye research 可知， Burdeyney 女士患的是眼部（eyes）疾病。

37．B 根据上文 Burdeyney 女士患了眼疾，主要症状为眼部干涩不适可知，她在经历（going through）一种糟糕的体验。

38．C 患眼疾之后，Burdeyney 女士感到十分无助且缺乏安全感，这是由于眼疾影响了她的生活（life）质量。

39．A 根据下文discovered that they were largely suffering more and more are suffering and lives are being可知，Burdeyney 女士应该是和一 些患有相似（similar）疾病的朋友们交谈。

40．D 根据下文的 Nobody chooses to talk about it 可知，大部分眼疾患者都保持沉默（silence）。

41．C 根据上句和所在句的句意可知，患者们默默地忍受病痛，不去谈论自己的眼疾，以及后句But推知，眼疾在人们看来是微不足道的（insignificant）疾病，其余选项均不符合句意。

42．A But引出语意的转折，点明了患者们的生活现状，即越来越多的人遭受眼疾困扰，生活受到影响，深陷无奈（compromised）。

43．B 根据最后一段中的 the research project可知，这是一个眼科研究项目(program)。

44．C 由下文内容可知，加拿大医生 Allan Slomovic是这一研究团队的一员，即这一团队包括（included）这名医生。

45．D 根据下文的 using stem cells 和 Seeing a ray of hope 可知，AllanSlomovic 医生利用干细胞在眼保健方面做出了开创性的（ground-breaking）工作，这让Burdeyney 女士看到一线希望。

46．A 根据下文的 she has raised ＄110,000 with another ＄40,000可知，Burdeyney 女士为这一研究项目募集资金（money）。

47．B 根据空白处后的she has raised ＄110,000可知，此处是说到目前为止（So far），她已经募集了11万美元。

48．C Burdeyney 女士已经募集了11万美元，预计（expected）还能再募集4万美元。

49．D Burdeyney 女士努力让越来越多的人认识到（understand）有办法解决眼疾困扰。

50．A 文章第一段提到 Beverley Burdeyney turned seventy-four last year， 由此可知 Burdeyney 女士已经退休（retirement）。

51．C Burdeyney 女士认为不存在老年（age）的问题，只有对眼疾的忽视。

52．B 根据空白处后的 do something about it 可知，要做点什么，不要站着不动。stand still 意为“站着不动；止步不前”，符合语境。

53．D 空白处后提到Burdeyney 女士希望自己能够为这个研究项目做出更多的贡献，这是在她说完上一段话语后表达自己的愿望，故added符合语境。

54．A 根据空白处后的 into people＇s eyes可知，Burdeyney 女士想给人们的眼睛带来光明（light）。

55．B 根据空白处后的 There is still a long way to go．可知，这仅仅是开始(beginning)。

**2021年高考真题**

**1.【2021年6月浙江卷】**

My mother is 92. Unless I have to be out of town, each week I take my mother to do her      1      and visit the doctor, providing      2      and transportation. During the week, however, she likes to go to a nearby store to      3      some small things she needs.

Last week she walked up to the store, but when she went to pay for her groceries, she was      4      about three dollars. The only      5      to pay for the groceries was to take off the      6      she could do without: a bottle of nubbing alcohol（医用酒精）and a bar of soap. By taking off these, she was able to      7      the new total to the amount of cash she had with her.

At this store, people      8      and then go off to the side to      9      their own groceries. My mother was putting her groceries into shopping bags when a      10      came up her and said. "Here are the things that you      11      , " handing her the rubbing alcohol and the      12      . My mother, who is never speechless, was speechless. She      13      for the woman's name and address so that she could      14      her. The woman told her it was her      15      .

My mothet was so      16      by her gesture that she decided to go back to the store and give the cashier（收银员）a five-dollar bill to keep on hand      17      the same happened to someone else if they didn't have enough      18      for all of their groceries.

So, whoever you are, thank you for the random act of      19      that not only helped my mother out, but      20      too.

1.A.exercise B.housework C.cooking D.shopping

2.A.reward B.medicine C.company D.shelter

3.A.return B.collect C.order D.buy

4.A.short B.cautious C.wrong D.concerned

5.A.aim B.way C.advice D.reason

6.A.weight B.things C.mask D.glasses

7.A.raise B.add C.bring D.switch

8.A.show up B.call in C.check out D.sit down

9.A.store B.select C.deliver D.bag

10.A.stranger B.cashier C.friend D.doctor

11.A.looked for B.talked about C.threw away D.put back

12.A.receipt B.soap C.cash D.bottle

13.A.asked B.waited C.cared D.searched

14.A.repay B.trust C.recognize D.help

15.A.luck B.chance C.gift D.turn

16.A.surprised B.amused C.touched D.convinced

17.A.in case B.even if C.as though D.so that

18.A.energy B.money C.space D.time

19.A.faith B.courage C.kindness D.honor

20.A.made her day B.changed her mind C.caught her eye D.met her demand

【文章大意】本文是一篇温情小故事：“我”的母亲在商店买东西结账时，随身带的钱不够， 一位陌生女士善意帮忙，母亲决心把这份爱心传递了下去。

【解析】

1：D

考查名词辨析。A. exercise 运动；  B. housework 家务；  C. cooking烹饪； D. shopping购物。根据下一句 "但是在周中，她喜欢去附近的商店买一些她需要的小东西" 可知，我带母亲去购物（规律性的较大型采买）和看医生，故选D。

2：C

考查名词辨析。A. reward报酬； B. medicine药品； C. company陪伴； D. shelter庇护，避难所。根据句意可知我带母亲是去购物和看医生，因此我提供的只能是陪伴和交通。易错项：注意providing作为伴随状语，其主语为句子主语I，而非doctor。故选C。

3：D

考查动词辨析。A. return返回； B. collect收集； C. order命令，下单； D. buy购买。

根据句意 "但是在周中，她喜欢去附近的商店买一些她需要的小东西" 可知是 "购买"，故选D。

4：A

考查形容词辨析。A. short短的，不足的，缺乏的； B. cautious谨慎小心的； C. wrong错的； D. concerned担心的，关心的。根据句意和下文可知母亲在购物结账时（when she went to pay…），发现差三元钱，short表示 "不足，缺少的"，故选A。

5：B

考查名词辨析。A. aim目标； B. way方式； C. advice建议； D. reason理由。根据句意 "支付这些货品唯一的方式是拿掉一些可以不买的东西" 可知是pay的方式，故选B。

6：B

考查名词辨析。A. weight重量；B. things东西；C. mask面具，口罩；D. glasses眼镜，玻璃杯。根据句意 "支付这些货品唯一的方式是拿掉一些可以不买的东西" 可知此处是去掉一些 "东西"，故选B。

7：C

考查动词辨析。A. raise提高，筹集；养育；B. add添加；C. bring带来；使处于某种情况；把……移到；D. switch改变；转换。根据句意 "…她能让新的总额到达她随身携带的现金额" 可知是 "使total到达一个值"，故选C。

8：C

考查动词词组辨析。A. show up出现，露面；B. call in召来，拜访；C. check out结账离开；D. sit down坐下。根据句意 "人们结账后然后离开到一边去装包自己的物品" 可知是 "结账"，故选C。

9：D

考查动词辨析。A. store储存；B. select选择；C. deliver递送；D. bag把……装入袋中。根据句意 "人们结账后然后离开到一边去装包自己的物品" 可知是把买来的东西装袋，故选D。

10：A

考查名词辨析。A. stranger陌生人；B. cashier收银员；C. friend朋友；D. doctor医生。根据下文（13空所在的句子）可知母亲问这位女士的姓名和地址，好去还钱；证明母亲不认识这位女士，因此选择陌生人，故选A。

11： D

考查动词词组辨析。A. looked for寻找；B. talked about谈论；C. threw away扔掉；D. put back放回。根据句意 "这是你……的东西"，递给母亲的正是她刚刚去掉（即放回商店）的医用酒精和肥皂，可知是填 "放回去" ，故选D。

12：B

考查名词辨析。A. receipt收据；B. soap肥皂；C. cash现金；D. bottle瓶子。根据句意 "递给母亲的正是医用酒精和……" 并结合上文可知，正是6空所在句子中提到的酒精和肥皂，故选B。

13：A

考查动词辨析。A. asked问；B. waited等待；C. cared关心，在意；D. searched寻找。根据句意 "她问这位女士的姓名和地址，好来还钱" 可知是询问，故选A。

14：A

考查动词辨析。A. repay 归还，偿还；B. trust 信任；C. recognize 认出；D. help 帮助。根据句意可知母亲询问女士的姓名地址以便把钱归还给她。故选A。

15：C

考查名词辨析。A. luck 运气；B. chance 机会，可能性；C. gift 礼物；D. turn （轮流的）机会。根据上下文可知，母亲想要把钱会给她，但是她拒绝了，因此此处意为：这是送你的（礼物）。故选C。

16： C

考查形容词辨析。A. surprised 惊讶的；B. amused 逗乐的；C. touched 感动的；D. convinced 坚信的。空格后的her gesture指的是上文陌生人的好心帮助，由此可知母亲的情感为 "感动的"。故选C。

17：A

考查连词辨析。A. in case 万一；B. even if 即使；C. as though 好像；D. so that 以至于。根据句意：母亲决定给收银员5美元，万一别人也遇到同样的事情，也就是上文母亲遇到的买东西时钱不够的情况。故选A。

18：B

考查名词辨析。A. energy 能量；B. money 金钱；C. space 空间；D. time 时间。根据句意：没有足够的钱买下所有的东西。故选B。

19：C

考查名词辨析。A. faith 信念；B. courage 勇气；C. kindness 善良；D. honor 荣耀。根据上文这位陌生人对母亲的帮助可知此处为 "感谢你的善良举动"。故选C。

20：A

考查词组辨析。A. made her day 使她心情愉悦； B. changed her mind 改变她的想法； C. caught her eye 吸引她的眼球；D. met her demand 满足她的要求。根据句意可知陌生人的善意不仅帮助了我们母亲，同时也使她心情愉悦。故选A。

**2.【2021年6月全国甲卷】**

It's the seaside birds that deserve at least part of the blame for getting Nick Burchill blacklisted at the Fairmont Empress Hotel in Victoria, Canada.

Burchill was      1      at the hotel on business and planning to      2      some friends in the area. They had asked him to      3      some pepperoni（辣香肠） from back east. So he      4      a suitcase full of pepperoni. As he was      5      that it would be too warm, he      6      it out on the table near an open window. He thought his pepperoni was      7      and well chilled（冷却） and he      8     .

That's when things went      9      Eyy temenier walking down the long      10      and opening the door to my room to find an entire flock of seagulls, " Burchill said in a recent letter of       11      to the 4-star hotel.“The seagulls immediately went      12      They rushed to the window, 30 or 40 birds all trying to      13      at the same time, and pepperoni—everywhere. The curtains were falling down, the lamps were falling down, It was a real      14      ."

Older and wiser now, Burchill chalked up the incident to youthful indiscretion（莽撞）. “I have      15      and I admit responsibility for my      16     , " he said in the letter. “I come to you,      17     , to apologize for the damage I had      18      caused and to ask you to      19      my lifetime ban from the hotel."

His letter      20     . Banned from the hotel since 2001, Burchill is now welcome to come back, the Fairmont said.

1.A.studying B.staying C.looking D.packing

2.A.visit B.help C.follow D.make

3.A.sell B.have C.bring D.taste

4.A.filled B.locked C.abandoned D.lost

5.A.surprised B.pleased C.excited D.worried

6.A.dug B.cleared C.cut D.laid

7.A.delicious B.safe C.soft D.ready

8.A.left B.nodded C.waited D.regretted

9.A.far B.funny C.wrong D.blind

10.A.beach B.driveway C.hall D.table

11.A.application B.apology C.request D.invitation

12.A.hungry B.dead C.missing D.wild

13.A.wake up B.get out C.take off D.break in

14.A.mess B.puzzle C.fight D.challenge

15.A.recovered B.retired C.escaped D.matured

16.A.suffering B.plans C.madness D.actions

17.A.hands in pockets B.nose in the air C.hat in hand D.feet on the ground

18.A.indirectly B.deliberately C.cautiously D.secretly

19.A.replace B.remember C.reconsider D.renew

20.A.arrived B.worked C.ended D.disappeared

【文章大意】本文是记叙文，文章讲述了主人公酒店出差住店时的一次不愉快经历。主人公住酒店时，拿出来的香肠吸引了鸽子，而让宾馆收到损失。最后事情得到了圆满解决，主人公又再次成为宾馆的座上宾，宾馆也欢迎他随时回来。

【解析】

1：D

考查动词。根据下文 "a suitcase full of pepperoni" 和 "he   26   it out on the table near an open window" 可知，Burchill装了满满一箱子的腊肠，因为担心太热，温度过高，他把香肠放到窗户的桌子上，一遍香肠可以冷却。由此可以推断他当时正在酒店收拾行李。A. studying 学习，研究B. staying待着C. looking看 D. packing打包，故选D。

2 ：A

考查动词。根据下文 "They had asked him to  23   some pepperoni（辣香肠） from back east." 可知他的朋友叫他带点香肠给他们，所以这里应该是他去拜访朋友或者看望朋友。A. visit拜访B. help      帮助C. follow追随      D. make 交朋友。故选A。

3 ：C

考查动词。根据上文，they 只带朋友，所以这里应该是让他带一些香肠过去。A. sell卖      B. have   拥有C. bring       带来D. taste 品尝。故选C。

4 ：A

考查动词。前面是bring在根据上文，Burchill正在打包，所以这里应该是把箱子填满了香肠。A. filled 填满  B. locked     锁上C. abandoned 放弃D. lost丢失。故选A。

5 ：D

考查形容词、副词。根据本句 "too warm" 所以这里应该是Burchill担心太热。A. surprised 吃惊的   B. pleased 高兴的    C. excited 兴奋的  D. worried担忧的。故选D。

6 ： D

考查动词。根据后问 "out on" 应该是他把香肠拿出来放到桌子上。A. dug 挖      B. cleared 清理     C. cut 剪断，切    D. laid放置。故选D。

7 ：B

考查形容词、副词。他认为他的香肠会\_\_\_\_\_, 会冷却，所以他\_\_\_\_\_.这里应该是他觉得放在桌子上没问题，所以他离开了。A. delicious美味的   B. safe安全的       C. soft柔软的       D. ready准备好的。故选B。

8 ：A

考查动词。他认为他的香肠会\_\_\_\_\_, 会冷却，所以他\_\_\_\_\_.这里应该是他觉得放在桌子上没问题，所以他离开了。A. left     离开     B. nodded 点头     C. waited 等待      D. regretted  后悔。故选A。

9 ：C

考查形容词、副词。这里根据文章的首段，加拿大维多利亚州费尔蒙特皇后酒店(Fairmont Empress Hotel)的尼克•伯奇尔(Nick Burchill)被列入黑名单，至少部分罪魁祸首应该是海边的鸟儿。这里go wrong表示发生了意外。A. go far   成功，扬名    B. go funny    变得可笑       C. go wrong出错，出毛病   D.go blind 失明。故选C。

10 ：C

考查名词。根据 "walking down the long   30\_\_   and opening the door " 可以猜测这里应该是回了酒店，所以只能是走过长长的酒店的走廊。A. beach 海滩   B. driveway 车道  C. hall 走廊（熟词生义）D. table 桌子。故选C。

11 ：B

考查名词。根据下文 "I come to you,    37   , to apologize for the damage I had " 可以得知，这里应该是道歉。A. application申请B. apology道歉  C. request 请求     D. invitation 邀请。故选B。

12 ：D

考查形容词、副词。根据下文 "They rushed to the window, 30 or 40 birds all trying to    33    at the same time, and pepperoni—everywhere." 可知，海鸥应该是着急出去。A. go hungry 饥饿的    B. go dead 死的；不起作用的    C. go missing 迷失的    D. go wild 疯狂的。故选D。

13 ：B

考查短语。这里应该是海鸥应该是着急出去。A. wake up 唤醒   B. get out       出去     C. take off 脱下；起飞 D. break in 闯入。故选B。

14 ：A

考查名词。根据前面 "The curtains were falling down, the lamps were falling down" 可知，此时的状况应该是一团糟。A. mess 乱糟糟     B. puzzle 谜团       C. fight   斗争       D. challenge 挑战。故选A。

15 ：D

考查动词。空格后面我承认我对此事有责任，根据上文 "Older and wiser now, Burchill chalked up the incident to youthful indiscretion伯奇尔年纪大了，也更聪明了，他把这件事归咎于年轻人的轻率行为" 和下文 "to apologize for the damage" 可以推测此时我应该是成熟了，长大了。A. recovered 恢复 B. retired 退休     C. escaped 逃跑    D. matured 成熟。故选D。

16 ： D

考查名词。同上，应该是为我的行为感到道歉。A. suffering 遭受      B. plans   计划       C. madness     疯狂       D. actions 行动。故选D。

17 ：C

考查短语。根据后文，为了道歉， 那么应该是毕恭毕敬的道歉。A. hands in pockets     两手抄兜B. nose in the air 目中无人       C. hat in hand 毕恭毕敬地    D. feet on the ground 脚踏实地。故选C。

18 ：A

考查形容词、副词。根据 "had caused" 在根据前文他的过失，所以很容易得知这里应该是无心之举。A. indirectly 间接地    B. deliberately 故意地       C. cautiously 小心谨慎地    D. secretly 秘密地。故选A。

19 ：C

考查动词。根据 "my lifetime ban from the hotel" 应该是请求移除对我的黑明显限制。  A. replace     代替B. remember       记得 C. reconsider 重新考虑     D. renew 更新。故选C。

20 ：B

考查动词。根据后文 "Burchill is now welcome to come back" 可知他现在已经不在黑名单中了，所以他的道歉是起了作用的。  A. arrived       到达B. worked 工作    C. ended 以……结束       D. disappeared 消失。故选B。

**3.【2021.3天津】**

For most people, having things stolen feels like an offence. Robbie Pruitt admitted that he got      1      when he discovered the theft of his mountain bike last September. But soon enough, his      2      took a turn. After letting go of his anger and frustration, he found himself on a road to sympathy      3     .

For Pruitt, a keen bicyclist, the first thing to do was      4      his stolen bike. But when he went bike shopping, he found few available, which got him thinking: What if the      5      of bikes was Covid-19 related, and what if the person who'd taken his bike really needed      6      to get to work?

With that thought in mind, Pruitt      7      a plan and posted it on the community website. He      8      to fix bikes free of charge for anyone who needed it. He also asked for unwanted bikes, which he would repair-again      9     . And then he would donate them to folks who could truly use them but didn't have the      10      to buy one.

The day the post went live, Pruitt received thirty      11      bicycles. Then came more than 500      12      for detailed information. By the end of 2020, Pruitt had repaired more than 140 for donation or to be      13      to their owners.

Pruitt tries to give his donations to families that are      14      struggling.      15      simply satisfying a material need, he has provided an opportunity for kids in his neighborhood to learn how to fix their own bikes.

In addition to      16      skills, Pruitt's lessons teach teamwork, encourage self-worth, and promote feelings of community.      17     , the kids have gained a sense of accomplishment.

"It's a really great      18      for kids," said a neighbor in an interview with the local newspaper. "Pruitt is certainly providing a      19     , but it's not just the bikes. It's the relationships in the community. It's the      20      that he can make on people."

1.A.amazed B.mad C.curious D.frightened

2.A.emotions B.career C.opinions D.route

3.A.ever B.together C.instead D.yet

4.A.ride B.lock C.repair D.replace

5.A.lack B.variety C.increase D.quality

6.A.instruction B.qualification C.transportation D.permission

7.A.came up with B.stuck to C.gave up D.broke away from

8.A.remembered B.refused C.hesitated D.offered

9.A.by accident B.in advance C.for free D.on credit

10.A.profit B.budget C.courage D.excuse

11.A.shared B.used C.expensive D.modern

12.A.enquiries B.advertisements C.notices D.announcements

13.A.exported B.sold C.lent D.returned

14.A.hardly B.slightly C.truly D.instantly

15.A.Without B.Beyond C.Upon D.Among

16.A.practical B.commercial C.mathematical D.social

17.A.Otherwise B.However C.Somehow D.Meanwhile

18.A.promise B.celebration C.comfort D.experience

19.A.competition B.service C.ceremony D.suggestion

20.A.compromise B.impression C.impact D.progress

【文章大意】这是一篇记叙文。主要讲述了Robbie Pruitt在自己的自行车被偷后，想出了给人免费修车的计划。他把这一计划发布到了网上，主动提出为有需要的人免费修理自行车。他还想要一些没人要的自行车，他愿意再免费修理一次。然后他会把它们捐给那些真正需要它们但没有预算买的人。他还教授邻居的孩子们免费修车，得到了邻居的赞赏。

【解析】

1 ：B

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：Robbie Pruitt承认，去年9月发现他的山地车被盗时，他很生气。A. amazed惊讶的；B. mad生气的；C.curicus好奇的；D. frightened害怕的。根据第一段最后一句 "After letting go of his anger and frustration" 可知，发现车被偷，Robbie Pruitt当时很生气。故选B。

2 ：A

考查名词词义辨析。句意∶但很快，他的情绪发生了变化。A. emotions情绪；B. career事业；C. opinions观点；D. route路线。结合后文"After letting go of his anger and frustration, he found himself on a road to sympathy"可知，Robbie Pruitt从生气沮丧变成了同情，情绪发生了变化。故选A。

3 ：C

考查副词词义辨析。句意∶在放下愤怒和沮丧之后，他发现自己走上了同情之路。A. ever曾经；B.together一起；C. instead相反；D. yet然而。结合上文 "he found himself on a road to sympathy" 可知，发现自己的车被偷，Robbie Pruitt放下愤怒和沮丧，反而走上了同情他人的道路。故选C。

4 ：D

考查动词词义辨析。句意∶对于热衷于骑自行车的Pruitt来说，第一件要做的事就是取代他被偷的自行车。A. ride骑车；B. lock锁上；C. repair修理；D. replace取代。根据后文 "his stolen bike. But when he went bike shopping" 可知，车被偷，Pruitt要买车来取代被偷的自行车。故选D。

5 ：A

考查名词词义辨析。句意∶但当他去买自行车时，发现几乎没有自行车，这让他想到∶如果缺少自行车与Covid-19有关，如果骑他自行车的人真的需要交通工具去上班呢？A. lack缺乏；B. variety多样；C. increase增加；D. quality质量。根据上文 "he found few available" 可知，商店里也缺少自行车。故选A。

6 ： C

考查名词词义辨析。句意∶但当他去买自行车时，发现几乎没有自行车，这让他想到∶如果缺少自行车与Covid-19有关，如果骑他自行车的人真的需要交通工具去上班呢？A. instruction指令；B. qualification资格；C. transportation运输工具；D. permission允许。根据前后文可知，Pruitt猜测偷自己自行车的人是因为确实需要交通工具去上班。故选C。

7 ：A

考查动词短语辨析。句意︰带着这个想法，Pruitt想出了一个计划，并把它发布在了社区网站上。A. come up with提出；B. stick to坚持；C. give up放弃；D. break away from突然逃跑。根据后文 "a plan and posted it on the community website" 指想出了一个计划，come up with符合语境。故选A。

8 ：D

考查动词词义辨析。句意∶他主动提出为有需要的人免费修理自行车。A. remember记得；B. refuse拒绝；C. hesitate犹豫；D. offer提议。结合后文 " to fix bikes free of charge for anyone who needed it." 指Pruitt提议为他人免费修车，offer to dosth."主动提出做某事”。故选D。

9 ：C

考查固定短语辨析。句意：他还想要一些没人要的自行车，他愿意再免费修理一次。A. by accident偶然；B. in advance提前；C. for free免费；D. on credit赊账。呼应上文"fix bikes free of charge"他的修车都是免费的。故选C。

10 ：B

考查名词词义辨析。句意：然后他会把它们捐给那些真正需要它们但没有预算买的人。A. profit利润；B. budget预算；C. courage勇气；D. excuse借口。根据前后文可知，Pruitt捐车的对象是那些需要车但是预算不够，买不起的人，but表示转折，说明预算紧张。故选B。

11 ： B

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：这一帖子发布当天，Pruitt收到了30辆二手自行车。A. shared共享的；B. used二手的；C. expensive昂贵的；D. modern现代的。根据上文 "He also asked for unwanted bikes," 可知，Pruitt也回收不想要的二手车，所以在帖子发布当天收到了30辆二手自行车。故选B。

12 ：A

考查名词词义辨析。句意：然后就来了500多个询问详细信息的询问。A. enquiry询问；B. advertisement广告；C. notice通知；D. announcement公告。根据后文"for detailed information"可知，此处指询问详细信息的询问。故选A。

13 ：D

考查动词词义辨析。句意：到2020年底，Pruitt已经修复了140多件自行车，这些自行车要么捐赠，要么返还原主。A. export出口；B. sell出售；C. lend借给；D. return返回、返还。结合后文'to their owners"指修好的车返还给主人，return符合语境。故选D。

14 ：C

考查副词词义辨析。句意：Pruitt试图把他的捐赠捐给那些真正生活困难挣扎的家庭。A. hardly几乎不；B. slightly轻微地；C. truly真实地；D. instantly立即。此处呼应上文"folks who could truly use them"指Pruitt的捐赠都是给那些真正生活有困难的家庭的。故选C。

15 ：C

考查介词词义辨析。句意：在仅仅满足物质需求的基础上，他为邻居的孩子们提供了一个学习如何修理自行车的机会。A. Without除了；B. Beyond越过；C. Upon在……上；D. Among在.……中间。结合后文"simply satisfying a materia need"表示"在仅仅满足物质需求的基础上"可知，应用介词upon。故选C。

16 ： A

考查形容词词义辨析。句意︰除了实用技能，Pruitt的课程还教授团队合作，鼓励自我价值，促进社区感觉。A. practical实际的；B. commercial商业的；C. mathematical数学的；D. social社会的。根据上文"he has provided an opportunity for kids in his neighborhood to learn how to fix their own bikes."可知，Pruitt为邻居的孩子们提供了一个学习如何修理自行车的机会，即教授他们实用技能。故选A。

17 ：D

考查副词词义辨析。句意：同时，孩子们也有了一种成就感。A. Otherwise否则；B. However然而；C. Somehow不知怎么；D. Meanwhile同时。根据前后文语境可知，孩子们通过参加Pruitt的课程，学到了实用技能，同时还有了一种成就感，Meanwhile符合语境。故选D。

18 ：D

考查名词词义辨析。句意∶一位邻居在接受当地报纸采访时说∶"对孩子们来说，这真是一次很棒的经历。"A. promise承诺；B.celebration庆祝；C. comfort安慰；D. experience经历。根据语境，参与Pruitt的课程对孩子们来说，是一次经历。故选D。

19 ：B

考查名词词义辨析。句意∶Pruitt当然会提供服务，但不仅仅是自行车。A. competition比赛；B. service服务；C. ceremony典礼；D. suggestion建议。结合上文可知，Pruitt为人们免费修车，还为社区的孩子教授如何修车，所以他提供的是服务。故选B。

20 ：C

考查名词词义辨析。句意：而是他能对人们产生的影响。A. compromise妥协；B. impression印象；C. impact影响； D. progress进步。根据后文"he can make on people"可知为短语make impact on"对.……产生影响"。故选C。

2020年高考真题

1. 【2020·全国卷II】

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

It was just after sunrise on a June morning. “Nicolo,” whose real name cannot be 41 to the public because of Italy’s privacy laws, 42 working the whole night at a factory in Turin. As he often did, he stopped by the “after work auction(拍卖)” 43 by the Italian police where things 44 on the trains were sold to the highest bidder. There, among many other things, Nicolo spotted two paintings he thought would look 45 above his dining room table. Nicolo and another bidder 46 until Nicolo finally won the paintings for $32.

When Nicolo retired and went to live in Sicily, he 47 the paintings with him. He hung them above the same table he had 48 from Turin. His son, age 15, who had 49 an art appreciation class, thought that there was something 50 about the one with a young girl sitting on a garden chair. It was signed(签名) “Bonnato” or so he thought, but when he 51 it, he only found “Bonnard,” a French 52 he had never heard of. He bought a book and was 53 to find a picture of the artist Pierre Bonnard sitting on the same chair in the same 54 as his father’s painting.

“That’s the garden in our picture,”Nicolo’s son told his father. They 55 learned that the painting they 56 was called “The Girl with Two Chairs.” They 57 the other painting and learned that it was 58 Paul Gauguin’s “Still Life of Fruit on a Table with a Small Dog.” The 59 called the Italian Culture Ministry; the official confirmed that the paintings were 60 and worth as much as $50 million.

41．A．attached B．allocated C．exposed D．submitted

42．A．finished B．delayed C．considered D．tried

43．A．attended B．reserved C．cancelled D．run

44．A．shown B．found C．kept D．hidden

45．A．nice B．familiar C．useful D．real

46．A．battled B．debated C．discussed D．bargain

47．A．held B．left C．registered D．brought

48．A．chosen B．received C．ordered D．moved

49．A．missed B．failed C．taken D．led

50．A．concrete B．unusual C．unappealing D．natual

51．A．appreciated B．touched C．researched D．witnessed

52．A．painter B．designer C．author D．actor

53．A．expected B．surprised C．anxious D．ready

54．A．room B．kitchen C．hall D．garden

55．A．apparently B．confidently C．eventually D．temporarily

56．A．owned B．borrowed C．sold D．stole

57．A．collected B．cleaned C．framed D．studied

58．A．suitably B．actually C．rightly D．specifically

59．A．girl B．artist C．family D．police

60．A．copies B．originals C．models D．presents

【语篇解读】这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了一个名叫Nicolo的人在拍卖会上以低价购得两幅画。后来他学艺术欣赏的儿子经过研究发现这两副画可能来自著名画家，他们打电话给意大利文化部，那儿的官员证实这两幅画都是画家的真迹，价值至少5000万美元。

41．C

考查动词词义辨析。句意：Nicolo完成了一整夜在Turin一家工厂的工作，他的真实名字因意大利的隐私法不能暴露给公众。A. attached参加；B. allocated分配；C. exposed暴露；D. submitted上交。根据下文的because of Italy's privacy可知此处用be exposed to“暴露”符合语境，故选C项。

42．A

考查动词词义辨析。句意：Nicolo完成了一整夜在Turin一家工厂的工作，他的真实名字因为意大利的隐私法不能暴露给警方。A. finished完成；B. delayed推迟；C. considered考虑；D. tried尝试。根据上文的It was just after sunrise on a June morning可推测Nicolo刚在工厂里上完了夜班，即完成了一整夜的工作，故选A项。

43．D

考查动词词义辨析。句意：像往常一样，他顺便去了“下班后拍卖”，这个拍卖会是由意大利警方进行的，在火车上发现的东西卖给出价最高的竞标人。A. attended参加；B. reserved保护；C. cancelled取消；D. run进行。结合常识可知，拍卖会上需要有警察来维持秩序，进行拍卖，故选D项。

44．B

考查动词词义辨析。句意：像往常一样，他顺便去了“下班后拍卖”，这个拍卖会是由意大利警察管理的，在火车上发现的东西卖给出价最高的竞标人。A. shown展示；B. found发现；C. kept保存；D. hidden隐藏。根据句意可知，此处是指拍卖的东西都是从一列火车上发现的，故选B项。

45．A

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：在那里，很多其它东西中，Nicolo看到了两幅画，他觉得它们看起来挂在自己的餐桌上方会很漂亮。A. nice漂亮的；B. familiar熟悉的；C. useful有用的； D. real真的。根据下文的Nicolo and another bidder 46 until Nicolo finally won the paintings for 32$可推测Nicolo认为这两幅画挂在自己的餐桌前会很漂亮，所以才会出高价买，故选A项。

46．A

考查动词词义辨析。句意：Nicolo和另外一个竞标人竞争，直到Nicolo最终以32美元的价格赢得了这两幅画。A. battled竞争；B. debated辩论；C. discussed 讨论；D. bargained讨价还价。根据上文的were sold to the highest bidder可知此处用“竞争”符合语境，故选A项。

47．D

考查动词词义辨析。句意：当Nicolo退休去Sicily居住时，他带上了这两幅画。A. held拿着；B. left离开，留下；C. registered注册；D. brought带来。根据下文的he hung them above the same table可知，Nicolo搬家时带上了这两幅画，故选D项。

48．D

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他把它们挂在同一张桌子的上面，这张桌子是他从Turin搬来的。A. chosen选择；B. received收到；C. ordered 命令；D. moved搬。根据上文的the same table可知，Nicolo搬家时也把桌子搬来了，故选D项。

49．C

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他15岁的儿子在上一门艺术欣赏课，他认为那幅有一个年轻女孩坐在花园椅子上的画是不寻常的。A. missed错过；B. failed失败；C. taken拿；D. led导致。根据句意可知，此处考查固定短语take classes“上课”，故选C项。

50．B

考查形容词词义辨析，句意：句意：他15岁的儿子在上一门艺术欣赏课，他认为那副有一个年轻女孩坐在花园椅子上的画是不寻常的。A. concrete具体的；B. unusual不寻常的；C. unappealing不吸引人的；D. natural自然的。根据下文的it was signed ''Bonnato'' or he thought可知，儿子认为这幅画可能是一个著名画家的画，故觉得它有些不同寻常，故选B项。

51．C

考查动词词义辨析。句意：画上署名Bonnato或者他认为是这样，但当他仔细研究它时，他只发现了“Bonnard”，一个他从未听说过的法国画家。A. appreciated欣赏；B. touched触摸；C. researched研究；D. witnessed目睹。根据下文的he only found ''Bonnard''可推测儿子仔细研究了画，故选C项。

52．A

考查名词词义辨析。句意：画上署名Bonnato或者他认为是这样，但当他仔细研究它时，他只发现了Bonnard，一个他从未听说过的法国画家。A. painter画家；B. designer设计师；C. author 作家；D. actor演员。根据下文的a picture of the artist Pierre Bonnard可知，此处用画家符合语境，故选A项。

53．B

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：他买了一本书，非常吃惊的发现里面有一幅艺术家Pierre Bonnard的画，他坐在和父亲画里面一样的花园里，一样的椅子上。A. expected意料的；B. surprised惊讶的；C. anxious焦虑的；D. ready准备好的。根据下文的sitting on the same chair in the same 54 as his father's painting可知此处用“吃惊的”符合语境，故选B项。

54．D

考查名词词义辨析。句意：他买了一本书，非常吃惊的发现里面有一幅艺术家Pierre Bonnard的画，他坐在和父亲画里面一样的花园里，一样的椅子上。A. room房间；B. kitchen餐厅； C. hall 大厅；D. garden花园。根据上文的with a young girl sitting on a garden chair可知此处用“花园”符合语境，garden是原词复现，故选D项。

55．C

考查副词词义辨析。句意：他们最终知道他们拥有的这幅画叫做“有两把椅子的女孩”。A. apparently明显地；B. confidently自信地；C. eventually 最后；D. temporary暂时的。根据上文的he bought a book and was 53 to find a picture of the artist Pierre Bonnard sitting on the same chair in the same as his father's painting可知，此处是指经过一系列的对比和研究，他们终于从一本书上得知了其中一副画的名字，故选C项。

56．A

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他们最终知道他们拥有的这幅画叫做“有两把椅子的女孩”。A. owned拥有；B. borrowed借；C. sold卖；D. stole偷。根据上文的Nicolo finally won the paintings for 32$可知，这幅画的所有权是Nicolo的，即他们拥有它，故选A项。

57．D

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他们研究了另一幅画，发现它事实上是Paul Gauguin的《Still Life of Fruit on a Table with a Small Dog》。A. collected收集；B. cleaned打扫；C. framed制定；D. studied研究。根据上文的but when he 51 it可知此处用“研究”符合语境，research和study是同义词复现，故选D项。

58．B

考查副词词义辨析。句意：他们研究了另一幅画，发现它事实上是Paul Gauguin的《Still Life of Fruit on a Table with a Small Dog》。A. suitably适合地；B. actually事实上；C. rightly正确地；D. specifically具体地。根据句意可知，此处是指他们研究了另外一副画，事实证明也是一副著名画家的画，故选B项。

59．C

考查名词词义辨析。句意：这家人给意大利文化部打电话，官员肯定这些画是原版，价值高达5000万美元。A. girl女孩；B. artist艺术家；C. family家庭；D. police警察。根据上下文可知，此处是指Nicolo一家为了鉴别画的真伪给意大利文化部打电话，故选C项。

60．B

考查名词词义辨析。句意：这家人给意大利文化部打电话，官员肯定这些画是原版，价值高达5000万美元。A. copies复制品；B. originals原版；C. models 模型；D. presents礼物。根据下文的as much as $50 million可推测，这两幅画都是画家的原版，故选B项。

2. 【2020·山东卷】

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Molai grew up in a tiny village in India. The village lay near some wetlands which became his second 21 . He learned the value and beauty of 22 there from a very young age.

When he was 16, Molai began to notice something 23 happening around his home. A flood had hit the area earlier that year and the 24 it caused had driven away a number of birds. 25 , the number of snakes had declined as well. He 26 that it was because there weren’t enough trees to protect them from the 27 . The solution, of course, was to plant trees so the animals could seek 28 during the daytime. He turned to the 29 department for help but was told that nothing would grow there. However, Molai went looking on his own and 30 a nearby island where he began to plant trees.

31 young plants in the dry season was 32 for a lone boy. Molai built at the 33 of each sapling(幼树)a bamboo platform, where he placed earthen pots with small holes to 34 rainwater. The water would then drip(滴落)on the plants below.

Molai 35 to plant trees for the next 37 years. His efforts have resulted in 1,360 acres of naturally-grown land that has become home to many plants and animals.

21．A．dream B．job C．home D．choice

22．A．nature B．youth C．culture D．knowledge

23．A．precious B．interesting C．disturbing D．awkward

24．A．waste B．tension C．pain D．damage

25．A．Besides B．However C．Therefore D．Otherwise

26．A．agreed B．realized C．remembered D．predicted

27．A．noise B．heat C．disease D．dust

28．A．directions B．partners C．help D．shelter

29．A．labor B．police C．forest D．finance

30．A．rebuilt B．discovered C．left D．managed

31．A．Decorating B．Observing C．Watering D．Guarding

32．A．tough B．illegal C．fantastic D．beneficial

33．A．back B．top C．foot D．side

34．A．cool down B．keep off C．purify D．collect

35．A．returned B．learned C．failed D．continued

这是一篇记叙文。Molai在印度的一个小村庄长大。16岁的时候，一场洪水导致他的家园遭受巨大损失。树木的缺乏导致这些动物失去了遮蔽物，很多鸟儿离开，蛇类数量减少。Molai决定改变这一切，他经过努力，在附近找到了一个小岛，开始种树。在30多年的时间里，他的努力使1360英亩的天然土地成为许多动植物的家园。

21．C

考查名词词义辨析。句意:这个村庄位于一些湿地附近，那里成了他的第二个家。A. dream梦想；B. job工作；C. home家；D. choice选择。根据空前的second可知，他出生的村庄是他的家，村庄附近的一些“湿地”成为了他的第二个“家”。故选C。

22．A

考查名词词义辨析。句意:他从小就在那里了解到了大自然的价值和美丽。A. nature自然；B. youth青春，年轻；C. culture文化；D. knowledge知识。湿地展现了“大自然”的价值和美。故选A。

23．C

考查形容词词义辨析。句意:16岁时，Molai开始注意到他的家周围发生了一些令人不安的事情。A. precious宝贵的；B. interesting有趣的；C. disturbing令人不安的，引起烦恼的；D. awkward尴尬的，笨拙的。该段后半部分提到:洪水侵袭，很多鸟儿离开，蛇的数量减少。这些情况都不正常，令人不安。故选C。

24．D

考查名词词义辨析。句意:那年早些时候，一场洪水袭击了这个地区，洪水造成的损害赶走了很多鸟类。A. waste废物；B. tension紧张；C. pain疼痛，痛苦；D. damage损害，伤害。洪水侵袭这个地区，它会“损害”庄稼、树木，这些都会导致鸟儿们离开。故选D。

25．A

考查副词词义辨析。句意:此外，蛇的数量也减少了。A. Besides此外，另外；B. However但是；C. Therefore因此；D. Otherwise否则。根据as well可知，洪水不仅导致很多鸟儿离开。而且，它还导致蛇的数量减少。故选A。

26．B

考查动词词义辨析。句意:他意识到这是因为没有足够的树来保护它们免受炎热的影响。A. agreed同意；B. realized意识到；C. remembered记住，记起；D. predicted预测。Molai“意识到”鸟儿离开、蛇类减少是因为没有足够的树木。故选B。

27．B

考查名词词义辨析。句意:他意识到这是因为没有足够的树来保护它们免受炎热的影响。A. noise噪音；B. heat热；C. disease疾病；D. dust尘土。根据常识可知，树木可以提供阴凉，从而保护鸟类和蛇类免受炎热的影响。故选B。

28．

考查名词D词义辨析。句意:当然，解决的办法是种树，这样动物们就可以在白天寻找栖身之处。A. directions方向；B. partners伙伴，合作伙伴；C. help帮助；D. shelter遮蔽，庇护，遮蔽物。树木可以给动物们提供“遮蔽”。故选D。

29．C

考查名词词义辨析。句意:他向森林部门求助，但被告知那里什么也不长。A. labor劳动；B. police警察；C. forest森林；D. finance财政，金融。根据前一句中的“The solution, of course, was to plant trees”可知，Molai想要种树，所以他应该向“森林”部门求助。故选C。

30．B

考查动词词义辨析。句意:然而，Molai自己去看了看，发现了附近的一个岛屿，他开始在那里种树。A. rebuilt重建；B. discovered发现；C. left离开；D. managed设法做成。根据前面的”looking on his own”可知，他自己去看，那么接下来就应该是他”发现”了一个小岛。故选B。

31．C

考查动词词义辨析。句意:对一个孤独的男孩来说，在旱季给幼苗浇水是很困难的。A. Decorating装饰；B. Observing观察到；C. Watering浇水；D. Guarding守卫。该段后半部分叙述的是Molai想尽办法收集水的努力。再结合该句中的“the dry season”可知，在旱季给幼苗“浇水”很难。故选C。

32．A

考查形容词词义辨析。句意:对一个孤独的男孩来说，在旱季给幼苗浇水是很困难的。A. tough困难的；B. illegal非法的；C. fantastic极好的；D. beneficial有益的。根据该段后半部分的叙述可知，Molai想尽办法收集雨水，由此推知，旱季缺水，给幼苗浇水很“难”。故选A。

33．B

考查名词词义辨析。句意:Molai在每棵树苗的顶端都搭建了一个竹子平台，在那里他放置了带有小洞的陶罐来收集雨水。A. back背部；B. top顶端；C. foot脚；D. side一边，一侧。根据该段最后一句“The water would then drip on the plants below”可知，水滴在下面的植物上。由此推知，竹子平台应该在每棵树苗的”顶端”。故选B。

34．D

考查动词(短语)辨析。句意:Molai在每棵树苗的顶端都搭建了一个竹子平台，在那里他放置了带有小洞的陶罐来收集雨水。A. cool down冷却下来；B. keep off与……保持距离；C. purify净化，使纯净；D. collect收集。根据常识可知，陶罐是用来盛水的。由此可知，他将陶罐放到竹子平台上“收集”雨水。故选D。

35．D

考查动词词义辨析。句意:在接下来的37年里，Molai继续种树。A. returned返回；B. learned学会；C. failed失败；D. continued继续。根据后一句可知，他的努力使1360英亩的天然土地成为许多动植物的家园。由此推知，在接下来的37年里，他“继续”种树。故选D。

3. 【2020·浙江卷】

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I’ve been farming sheep on a hillside for 54 years. I use a small tractor to get about. My dog Don always sits beside me in the passenger scat.

One morning I 36 a lost lamb when I was in the top field，near where a motorway cuts through my land. The lamb had become separated from its 37 , so I jumped out of the tractor to 38 it while Don stayed in his scat.

Lamb and mother 39 , I turned back to the tractor only to see it move suddenly away from me. This was so 40 because I had put the handbrake on when I jumped out. 41 Don had somehow made the 42 move.

My heart froze in my chest as I 43 the tractor heading towards the 44 .I ran desperately but failed to 45 . It crashed through a wooden fence and disappeared. The 46 thing I saw was Don’s face, looking calmly back at me.

Heart in mouth, I 47 the fence and looked over. The tractor was 48 against the crash barrier in the central reservation, having miraculously(奇迹般地) crossed the 49 road with fast-flowing traffic. I couldn’t see Don, but as I 50 the tractor he jumped out onto the road, apparently 51 , and dashed back to me.

The police 52 and the motorway ran normally again. I couldn't quite believe my 53 it turned out no one got badly hurt, but the outcome could have been 54 .Don was given a special 55 that night—I didn’t want him thinking I was angry with him.

36．A．dropped B．spotted C．carried D．returned

37．A．kids B．friends C．owner D．mother

38．A．ask about B．play with C．tend to D．run into

39．A．freed B．switched C．reunited D．examined

40．A．unexpected B．dangerous C．embarrassing D．difficult

41．A．Fortunately B．Generally C．Immediately D．Obviously

42．A．lamb B．vehicle C．seat D．fence

43．A．saw B．stopped C．remembered D．drove

44．A．crowd B．motorway C．field D．hill

45．A．take off B．catch up C．hold back D．get out

46．A．real B．best C．basic D．last

47．A．fixed B．noticed C．reached D．closed

48．A．resting B．running C．parking D．turning

49．A．sleep B．long C．rough D．busy

50．A．abandoned B．approached C．recognized D．repaired

51．A．unclean B．uncertain C．unhurt D．unhappy

52．A．arrived B．replied C．survived D．waited

53．A．ability B．dream C．luck D．idea

54．A．common B．confusing C．desirable D．awful

55．A．meal B．test C．job D．lesson

这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲了作者开车带着它的狗去田地，路上发现了一只和它妈妈走散的小羊。作者下车去照看小羊，把自己的狗留在了车上。后来，作者帮助小羊找到了妈妈，谁知竟发现自己的狗开着拖拉机冲到了高速路上。作者赶紧沿途追赶，害怕造成严重的后果。幸运的是，最后没有人受伤。这真是一个奇迹！

36．B

考查动词词义辨析。句意：一天早上，我在山顶的田野里发现了一只迷路的小羊，那里有一条高速公路穿过我的田地。A. dropped下降；B. spotted发现；C. carried搬； D. returned返回。下文说小羊和它的妈妈走散了，所以我是无意中发现了一只迷路的小羊。故选B。

37．D

考查名词词义辨析。句意：小羊和它的妈妈走散了，所以我跳下拖拉机去照看它，而Don还坐在它的座位上。A. kids小孩；B. friends朋友；C. owner主人；D. mother妈妈。根据下文Lamb and mother，可知小羊是和它的妈妈走散了。故选D。

38．C

考查动词短语辨析。句意：小羊和它的妈妈走散了，所以我跳下拖拉机去照看它，而Don还坐在它的座位上。A. ask about询问；B. play with同……一起玩；C. tend to照看；D. run into撞上。上文说小羊和它的妈妈走散了，所以可以推测出我跳下拖拉机去照看它。故选C。

39．C

考查动词词义辨析。句意：小羊和它的妈妈重聚了，我转过身去看拖拉机，却看见它突然离开了我。A. freed使自由；B. switched转变；C. reunited重聚；D. examined检查。下文说我转过身去看拖拉机，因为小羊和它的妈妈重聚了，所以我才有心思去看我的拖拉机。故选C。

40．A

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：这太出乎意料了，因为我跳下车时已经拉上了手刹。A. unexpected出乎意料的；B. dangerous危险的；C. embarrassing使人尴尬的；D. difficult困难的。上文说我看见拖拉机突然离开了我，下文说我跳下车时已经拉上了手刹，所以这是让人出乎意料的事情。故选A。

41．D

考查副词词义辨析。句意：显然，Don以某种方式使车子动了起来。A. Fortunately幸运地；B. Generally通常；C. Immediately立即；D. Obviously显然。根据while Don stayed in his seat可知我跳下车，照顾小羊的时候，Don还坐在它的座位上。那么，很显然，是Don以某种方式使车子动了起来。故选D。

42．B

考查名词词义辨析。句意：显然，Don以某种方式使车子动了起来。A. lamb小羊；B. vehicle车辆；C. seat座位；D. fence栅栏。根据I turned back to the tractor only to see it move suddenly away from me.可知我转过身去看拖拉机，却看见它突然离开了我。所以这里指的是Don开走了我的车。故选B。

43．A

考查动词词义辨析。句意：当我看到拖拉机朝高速公路开去时，我的心都僵在胸口。A. saw看到；B. stopped停止；C. remembered记得；D. drove驾驶。下文说，我拼命地追，所以我是看到了拖拉机朝高速公路开去。故选A。

44．B

考查名词词义辨析。句意：当我看到拖拉机朝高速公路开去时，我的心都僵在胸口。A. crowd人群；B. motorway高速公路；C. field旷野；D. hill小山。根据near where a motorway cuts through my land.和having miraculously (奇迹般地) crossed the…road with fast-flowing traffic.可知拖拉机是朝高速公路开去。故选B。

45．B

考查动词短语辨析。句意：我拼命地跑，但没能追上。A. take off起飞； B. catch up追上； C. hold back阻止；D. get out出去。根据I ran desperately以及下文It crashed through a wooden fence and disappeared.可知我没有追上拖拉机。故选B。

46．D

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我最后看到的是Don的脸，它平静地看着我。A. real真实的；B. best最好的； C. basic基本的；D. last最后的。Don平静地看着我，这是我最后看到的事情。故选D。

47．C

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我的心都提到嗓子眼了，我抵达栅栏，仔细检查。A. fixed固定；B. noticed注意； C. reached抵达；D. closed关。根据and looked over可知我是抵达了栅栏。故选C。

48．A

考查动词词义辨析。句意：拖拉机正靠在路中间预留地带的防撞栏上，奇迹般地穿过了车流如水的繁忙道路。A. resting 倚靠；B. running跑； C. parking停车；D. turning转动。根据the crash barrier in the central reservation可知拖拉机是靠在路中间预留地带的防撞栏上。故选A。

49．D

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：拖拉机正靠在路中间预留地带的防撞栏上，奇迹般地穿过了车流如水的繁忙道路。A. steep陡峭的；B. long长的；C. rough粗糙的；D. busy繁忙的。根据fast-flowing traffic可知这条高速公路非常繁忙。故选D。

50．B

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我看不见Don，但当我接近拖拉机时，它跳上了马路，显然没有受伤，冲回我身边。A. abandoned抛弃； B. approached接近;C. recognized意识到；D. repaired修理。下文说我的狗冲回我身边，所以我必定是接近了拖拉机。故选B。

51．C

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我看不见Don，但当我接近拖拉机时，它跳上了马路，显然没有受伤，冲回我身边。A. unclean不洁的；B. uncertain不确定的；C. unhurt没有受伤的；D. unhappy不快乐的。根据下文no one got badly hurt可知我的狗没有受伤。故选C。

52．A

考查动词词义辨析。句意：警察来了，高速公路的运行又恢复了正常。A. arrived到达；B. replied回答；C. survived幸存；D. waited等待。下文说高速公路的运行又恢复了正常，可知是警察到达，处理了情况。故选A。

53．C

考查名词词义辨析。句意：我不能完全相信我的运气，结果没有人受重伤，但后果可能是可怕的。A. ability能力；B. dream梦想； C. luck运气；D. idea想法。我的狗驾驶着拖拉机上了车水马龙的高速路，结果却没有人受伤，所以我不相信我有这么好的运气。故选C。

54．D

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我不能完全相信我的运气，结果没有人受重伤，但后果可能是可怕的。A. common普通的；B. confusing混乱的；C. desirable令人向往的；D. awful可怕的。根据上文作者的极度担忧My heart froze in my chest和Heart in mouth以及生活常识，动物开车上了高速路，结果可能是非常可怕的。故选D。

55．A

考查名词词义辨析。句意：Don那天晚上被给予了一顿特别的晚餐——我不想让它认为我生它的气。A. meal一餐；B. test测验；C. job工作； D. lesson教训。根据下文I didn't want him thinking I was angry with him.可知我不想让它认为我生它的气，所以我给它提供了一顿特别的晚餐。故选A。